Listing of Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

1. (Currently Amended) A method for preparing a non-thermal plasma reactor having individually retained pairs of positive and negative plates comprising:

stacking an alternating sequence of pairs of positive and negative reactor plates forming a stack;

spacing said pairs of plates by disposing a temporary spacer between opposing pairs of said plates to define exhaust gas passages between said pairs of positive and negative plates, said exhaust gas passages being free of permanent individual ceramic spacers;

disposing an insulating layer on each side of said stack;

compressing said stack thereby forming folds in said insulating layer, said folds extending into said exhaust channels;

wrapping said reactor stack with an insulating retention material;
applying suitable electrical connections to said plates;
inserting said wrapped stack into a reactor housing; and
removing said temporary spacers; and
applying suitable inlet and outlet connections to said reactor housing;
wherein said reactor plates are secured by said insulating retention material
and said insulating layer, enabling individual pairs of said plates to expand or contract
independently of one another during operation.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said insulating layer comprises an insulating ceramic fiber material or a green layer of tape cast ceramic material.

- (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
 removing said temporary spacer after inserting said stack into said housing.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said temporary spacers comprise a one piece tool connected to a device sufficient to pull said temporary spacer-tool assembly from said reactor housing.
- 5. (Original). The method of claim 1, wherein said spacing is a two stage spacing comprising:

a first stage comprising spacing said pairs of plates at a first distance suitable for preparing said reactor stack; and

a second stage comprising spacing said pairs of plates at a second distance suitable for canning said element into a housing.

- 6. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein spacing is with a temporary spacer comprising a collapsible temporary spacer.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein spacing is with a pair of differentially sized temporary spacers.

reactor;

8. (Currently Amended) A method for preparing a non-thermal plasma reactor having individually retained pairs of positive and negative plates comprising:

stacking an alternating sequence of pairs of positive and negative reactor plates forming a stack;

temporarily spacing said pairs of plates by disposing a temporary spacer between opposing pairs of said plates, said exhaust gas passages being free of permanent individual ceramic spacers;

disposing permanent pleated insulating separators on each side of said stack;

whereby pleats of said permanent pleated insulating separator extend between opposing pairs of said plates; said temporary spacer defining a gap between said opposing pairs of plates sufficient to enable insertion of said permanent pleated insulating separator therebetween;

compressing said stack whereby said pleats extending into said exhaust channels are compacted to define said exhaust passage height;

wrapping said reactor stack with an insulating retention material; applying suitable electrical connections to said plates; inserting said wrapped stack into a reactor housing; and removing said temporary spacers to prepare said non-thermal plasma

applying suitable inlet and outlet connections to said reactor housing;
wherein said reactor plates are secured by said insulating retention material
in combination with said permanent pleated insulating separators enabling individual
pairs of said plates to expand or contract independently of one another during operation.

- 9. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein said ceramic retention material extends along sides of said reactor stack, partially covering reactor top and bottom surfaces, said ceramic retention material resiliently compressing said plates against said permanent pleated insulating separators.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein said permanent pleated insulating separators comprises a pair of separators each having a plurality of pleats, one member of each pair being disposed on each side of said reactor.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein said permanent pleated insulating separators comprise a plurality of discrete pleated separators disposed between said plate pairs.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein said retention material extends over sides of said reactor, partially covering top and bottom surfaces of said reactor, said retention material resiliently compressing said plate pairs against said permanent pleated insulating spacers.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 8, further comprising:

disposing a rigid ceramic insulating filler at top and bottom ends of said stack to prevent exhaust gases from bypassing said reactor.

14. (Currently Amended) A non-thermal plasma reactor having individually retained plates comprising:

a housing containing a stack comprising an alternating sequence of pairs of positive and negative reactor plates;

exhaust gas passages defined between said pairs of positive and negative plates by folds of an insulating layer disposed on each side of said stack, said folds of said insulating layer extending into said exhaust channels, said exhaust gas passages being free of permanent individual ceramic spacers;

an insulating retention material wrapped around said stack;
suitable electrical connections provided to said plates;
suitable inlet and outlet connections provided to said housing;
wherein said reactor plates are secured by said insulating layer enabling
individual pairs of said plates to expand or contract independently of one another during
operation.

- 15. (Original) The reactor of claim 14, wherein said insulating layer comprises an insulating ceramic fiber material or a green layer of tape cast ceramic material.
- 16. (Currently Amended) A non-thermal plasma reactor having individually retained plates comprising:

a housing containing <u>a stack comprising</u> an alternating sequence of pairs of positive and negative reactor plates defining exhaust gas passages between said pairs of positive and negative plates;

permanent pleated insulating separators disposed on each side of said stack; whereby pleats of said permanent pleated insulating separator extend between opposing pairs of said plates defining said exhaust passage height, said exhaust gas passages being free of permanent individual ceramic spacers;

an insulating retention material wrapped around said stack;
suitable electrical connections provided to said plates;
suitable inlet and outlet connections provided to said housing;
wherein said reactor plates are secured by said insulating retention material
in combination with said permanent pleated insulating separators enabling individual
pairs of said plates to expand or contract independently of one another during operation.

- 17. (Original) The reactor of claim 16, wherein said ceramic retention material extends over sides of said reactor to partially cover reactor top and bottom surfaces, said ceramic retention material resiliently compressing said plates against said permanent pleated insulating separators.
- 18. (Original) The reactor of claim 16, wherein said permanent pleated insulating separators comprises a pair of separators each having a plurality of pleats, one member of each pair being disposed on each side of said reactor.
- 19. (Original) The reactor of claim 16, wherein said permanent pleated insulating separators comprise a plurality of discrete pleated separators disposed between said plate pairs.
- 20. (Original) The reactor of claim 16, wherein said retention material extends over sides of said reactor, partially covering top and bottom surfaces of said reactor, said retention material resiliently compressing said plate pairs against said permanent pleated insulating spacers.

- 21. (Original) The reactor of claim 16, wherein said permanent pleated insulating separator comprises mica, Cogebi 132P mica, tape-cast ceramic material in the "green" state, or molded rigidized ceramic fiber.
- 22. (Original) The reactor of claim 16, further comprising:
 a rigid ceramic insulating filler disposed at top and bottom ends of said stack plates.
- 23. (Currently Amended) A method for preparing a non-thermal plasma reactor having individually retained pairs of positive and negative plates comprising:

stacking an alternating sequence of pairs of positive and negative reactor plates forming a stack;

spacing said pairs of plates by disposing a temporary spacer between opposing pairs of said plates to define exhaust gas passages between said pairs of positive and negative plates, said exhaust gas passages being free of permanent individual ceramic spacers;

applying suitable electrical connections to said plates;

wrapping a retention material around said stacked plates;

lightly compressing said stack thereby extending said retention material slightly into said exhaust channels at sides of said stack;

inserting said wrapped stack into a reactor housing; and removing said temporary spacers to prepare said non-thermal plasma reactor;

applying suitable inlet and outlet connections to said reactor housing;
wherein said reactor plates are secured by said retention material, enabling
individual pairs of said plates to expand or contract independently of one another during
operation.

another during operation.

- 24. (Currently Amended) The method of claim <u>23</u>, further comprising:
 disposing a rigid plate at top and bottom ends of said stacked plates.
- 25. (Currently Amended) A non-thermal plasma reactor having individually retained plates comprising:

a housing containing an alternating sequence of pairs of positive and negative reactor plates <u>forming a stack</u>;

exhaust gas passages defined between said pairs of positive and negative plates, said exhaust gas passages being free of permanent individual ceramic spacers;

an insulating retention material wrapped around said stack <u>and extending</u> into said exhaust gas passages at opposite sides of said stack;

suitable electrical connections provided to said plates;
suitable inlet and outlet connections provided to said housing;
wherein said reactor plates are secured by said insulating retention material
enabling individual pairs of said plates to expand or contract independently of one

- 26. (Original) The reactor of claim 25, further comprising:

 a rigid plate disposed at top and bottom ends of said stacked plates.
- 27. (Original) The reactor of claim 26, wherein said rigid plate is a mica plate.